

JULIAN ANDERSON

Diptych

(Parades · Pavillons en l'air)

FOR ORCHESTRA

{1989–1990}

FABER **ff** MUSIC

ORCHESTRATION

3 Flutes (II=Piccolo, III=Piccolo & Alto Flute)

3 Oboes (III=Cor Anglais)

3 Clarinets in B \flat (III=Bass Clarinet)

3 Bassoons (III=Contrabassoon)

4 Horns in F

3 Trumpets in C

3 Trombones

Tuba

Timpani

Percussion (4 players)

1. crotales, tubular bells, small suspended cymbal,
very small suspended cymbal, large tam-tam

2. vibraphone, 5 temple blocks, snare drum,
sizzle cymbal, guiro

3. 3 triangles, large ratchet, bass drum, handbells:



4. pair of large cymbals, large suspended cymbal,
referee's whistle, 2 small electric bells,
whip, large tam-tam (shared with 1)

Harp

Piano (=Celesta)

Strings

The Score is in C

Orchestral parts available for hire from the publishers

A larger-sized conductor's score is available for hire on request from the publishers

PERFORMANCE NOTES

—fade in

—fade out

Principal parts in the texture, to be played in relief

In 'Pavillons en l'air' the tempo should be very flexible and may fluctuate fairly freely with the rise and fall of the music.

NOTATION

† ¼-tone sharp

¾-tone sharp

△ ¼-tone flat

↓ and ↑ in horns indicate the uncorrected tuning of natural harmonics.

PROGRAMME NOTE

The idea of composing a large-scale orchestral work in two sharply contrasted parts came to me in 1988 (it arose out of a suggestion from my then teacher John Lambert). *Diptych* was my first orchestral piece; it was sketched in 1989 and completed in 1990. At that time it bore the descriptive title of *Dark Night*, but on reflection I substituted the more abstract title, as the work is not in any way programmatic. The piece is the first of a group of related works, including *Seadrift*, *Tiramisù* and *Khorovod*, all composed between 1989 and 1995, and which explored various techniques of melodic writing, heterophony, mode and harmony. Common, also, to all these pieces was an influence of the folk musics of Scotland, Ireland and Eastern Europe. *Diptych*, however, bears much less trace of this influence than the others. Overall, the work traces a gradual slowing of harmonic rhythm from the extreme swiftness of the opening through the calm, smooth unfolding of the second part to the balance of near stasis at the conclusion.

'Parades', the first part, is abruptly discontinuous, fantastical, almost surreal in its wild contrasts. Extremely swift, fleeting figures irregularly coalesce into a dense polyphony which deploys the resources of the full orchestra in a sequence of violent climaxes. The surrealist atmosphere is emphasized by the use of a number of unorthodox percussion instruments, including rattles, ratchets and two electric bells. The last of these climaxes disperses suddenly into the second part.

'Pavillons en l'air' uses the same musical ideas of 'Parades' to very different ends. Everything that was formerly discontinuous is now connected into a continuous whole, which moves smoothly and continuously in a single musical curve. After the climax featuring horns, trumpets and trombones playing with their bells in the air (hence the subtitle), the music unwinds into a long, passacaglia-like passage in which a melodic shape first adumbrated in 'Parades' is stated more and more clearly in the winds. Finally, against a drone D in the strings, this melody is stated in its simplest possible shape and the work closes.

Diptych is dedicated to Per Nørgård.

J.A.

for Per Norgård

DIPTYCH

Parades

JULIAN ANDERSON

$J = 75$

Flute 1

Flute 2

Oboe

Bassoon

Clarinet in B \flat 2

Horn in F

Trumpet in C

Trombone

Tuba

Timpani

Percussion (4 Players)

Harp

Celesta

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Cello

Double bass

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

Ob. 3

Ct. 1

Ct. 2

Ct. 3

Hp

Cel.

Vln I div. a 3

Vln II div.

Vla

Vc

Db

Fl. 1
Fl. 2
Fl. 3
Ob. 2
Ob. 3
to Cor anglais
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
Bsn 1,2,3

Hp D4 E5 G6
f sforzato f ff C3 B4 pp b

Cel. f ff pp

Vln I div. a 2
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
Vln II
p <= mp == pp
mp dolce
gliss. pizz.
con sord. p
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
con sord. p
p <= mp == pp
mp dolce
gliss. pizz.
con sord. p
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
con sord. p
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
Vc. div.
p <= mp == pp
pizz.
Db.

15

Fl. 1 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Fl. 2 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Fl. 3 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Ob. 1 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Ob. 2 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Cl. 1 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Cl. 2 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Cl. 3 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Bsn 1 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Bsn 2 *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Hp *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Cel. *tr.* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Preview File Only

Vln I *arco* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *pizz.* *tr.*

Vln I *arco* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *pizz.* *tr.*

Vln I *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *ff* *tr.*

Vln II *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *pp* *< pp > pp* *tr.* *tr.*

Vln II *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *pp* *< pp > pp* *tr.* *tr.*

Vln II *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *pizz.* *tr.*

Vln II *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *ff* *tr.*

Vla *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *pizz.* *tr.*

Vla *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *ff* *tr.*

Vcl *arco* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Vcl *arco* *tr. (b2)* *tr. (b3)* *tr. (b4)* *tr. (b5)* *tr. (b6)* *tr. (b7)* *tr. (b8)*

Più allegro subito (♩ = 100)

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Bsn.

Hp.

Cel.

Preview File Only

Più allegro subito (♩ = 100)

Violin I

Violin II

Vla.

Vc.

24

Oboe 2
C. A.
1
Cl. 2
3
Bsn 1.2

p p cresc. *mp* *mf* *mf* *f*

Tpt 1
Tpt 2

con sord. *p* *mp* *p* *mp*

Cel.

p *p* *p* *mf* *mf* *mf*

Vln I
Vln II
Vla
Vc.

pp *pp* *p* *mfp* *mfp*
pp *pp* *p* *p* *p* *mfp* *mfp*
s *s* *pp* *pp* *p* *mfp* *mfp*
s *s* *pp* *pp* *p* *p* *p* *mfp* *mfp*
p *mfp* *mfp* *p legg.*
p *mfp* *mfp* *p legg.*
p legg. *p legg.*

arco

Precipitato

28

A (Tempo I subito) $\text{J} = 75$

$\text{J} = \frac{\text{J}}{2}$

R.
2
A. Fl.
Ob. 1
C. A.
Cl. 2
3
Bsn. 2,3

ff sub. 6
ff sub. 6
ff sub. 5 to Oboe 3
ff sub. 6
ff sub. 5
ff sub. 5
ff sub. 5
ff sub.

mf > p
mf sub.
p
mf > p
mf sub.
5
mp
mf
5
mf
mp
mf
mf
mf
mf

p calmo, pastorale

Hn
3
4
2
Tpt
3

p
p calmo, pastorale
p calmo, pastorale
p calmo, pastorale
senza sord.
p
p
p > pp
p
pp
pp
pp

p près de la table

Hp
Gr Ch El

p
p
p
normale
Gr
mp
mf

Cel.

p
p
p
(Pd.)
p secco
p

Precipitato

Vln I
Vln II
Vla
Vc

ff sub. 6
ff sub.

remove mute
ff sub.

A (Tempo I subito) $\text{J} = 75$

$\text{J} = \frac{\text{J}}{2}$

11

B. Fl. *p* ff *f*
 *p*ff f
 *p*ff

A. Fl. *to Piccolo*

Ob. 1 ff

Ob. 2 *mf* *mp* < *f*
 mf *mp* < *f*

3

1

Cl. 1 *f* *mp* 5
 f *mp* 5

Cl. 2 *f* *mp*
 f *mp*

3

Hp *mf secco*

Cel. *f* *ff* *p*

Vln I *salmando*
 mp 3
 salmando
 mp 3

Vln II *mp*
 salmando
 mp
 salmando
 mp
 salmando
 mp

Vla *mp*
 salmando
 mp

Vc. *mp*
 salmando
 pp sub.
 mp
 arco salmando
 mp
 pp sub.

Db. div. *arco salmando*
 mp
 pp sub.
 p

Preview File Only

36

Fl.

2

Picc.

1

Ob.

2

Ct. 2

3

Hp

Flute 1, Flute 2, Piccolo, Oboe 1, Oboe 2, Clarinet 2, Bassoon, Horn

p chiaro — *mp* — *p* — *mp* — *pp pp* —>

f — *s* — *ff* — *pp mp* — *p chiaro* — *mp* — *p mp* — *pp pp* —>

ff — *s* — *fff* — *pp mp* — *p chiaro* — *mp* — *p mp* — *pp pp* —>

f — *s* — *ff* — *p mp* —>

f — *s* — *ff* — *p mp* —>

f — *s* — *ff* — *pp mp* — *p chiaro* — *mp* — *p mp* — *pp pp* —>

f — *s* — *ff* — *p mp* —>

p chiaro — *mp* — *p mp* — *p*

p mp —>

Preview File Only

Vln I

Vln II

Vla

Vcl

Vcl

gloss. arm.

mp — *mf*

pp — *mp* — *pp*

f — *pp*

p legg.

gl.

mp — *mf*

pp — *mp* — *pp*

f — *pp*

p legg.

gl.

mp — *mf*

pp — *mp* — *pp*

f — *pp*

p legg.

gl.

mp — *mf*

pp — *mp* — *pp*

f — *pp*

gl.

mp — *mf*

pp — *mp* — *pp*

f — *pp*

gl.

unis.

pp — *mp* — *pp*

f — *pp*

Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola, Cello, Double Bass

Glissando arm.

Pavillons en l'air

J = c.40 poco a poco accel. until bar 59

Flute 1,2
Oboe 1,2
Clarinet 1,2
Bass Clarinet
Bassoon 1,2
Contrabassoon

Horn in F
Trumpet
Trombone 1,2
Tuba
Timpani
Percussion

Piano

Violin I
Violin II
Viola
Violoncello div.
Double bass

J = c.40 poco a poco accel. until bar 59

pp sonore quasi campane

pp sim.

pp

p

*p legato poss.**

*p legato poss.**

p

*pp legato poss.**

*pp legato poss.**

*Legato possible until letter C

A

10

B. Cl. to Clarinet
 Bsn 1 *p pp mp pp*
 Cbsn *p cresc.* *mp cresc.*

Hn 1 *p cresc.*
 Hn 2
 Hn 3 *p cresc.*
 Hn 4
 Tbn 1 *p*
 Tbn 2 *p* *pp*
 use trigger
mf sonore *pp*
mf sonore *pp*
p *p* *pp*

Perc. Bass drum *m*
 Tam-tam *mp*

Pno *p* *mp sim.*
pp *pp* *pp*

Vln II div. *pp cresc.*
pp cresc.

Vla div. *p* *legato poss.**
p *legato poss.**
cresc.
cresc.

Vc *div.* *cresc.*
div. *cresc.*
cresc.

Db *cresc.*

A

Vln II div. *pp cresc.*
pp cresc.

Vla div. *p* *legato poss.**
p *legato poss.**
cresc.
cresc.

Vc *div.* *cresc.*
div. *cresc.*
cresc.

Db *cresc.*

B flessibile e rubato

Fl. 1
Fl. 2
Ob. 1
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Bsn. 1
Bsn. 2
Cbsn.

Hn.
Tbn. 1
Tba.

B flessibile e rubato

Vln I div.
Vln II
Vla.
Vcl.
Db.

*legato possible until letter C

†Double bass harmonics sound an octave lower than written. The choice of natural or artificial harmonics is left up to the player

Fl. 1
Fl. 2
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Bsn.
Hn.
Tpt.
Vln I
Vln II
Vla.
Vc.
Db.

mp cresc.